

(An Autonomous Institution - AFFILIATED TO ANNA UNIVERSITY, CHENNAI)

S.P.G.Chidambara Nadar - C.Nagammal Campus

S.P.G.C. Nagar, K.Vellakulam - 625 701 (Near VIRUDHUNAGAR).

B.Tech. INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY REGULATION – 2020 AUTONOMOUS SYLLABUS CHOICE BASED CREDIT SYSTEM V TO VI SEMESTER CURRICULUM AND SYLLABI

VISION:

To make the department of Information Technology the unique of its kind in the field of Research and Development activities in this part of world

MISSION:

To impart highly innovative and technical knowledge in the field of Information Technology to the urban and unreachable rural student folks through Total Quality Education.

PROGRAMME EDUCATIONAL OBJECTIVES (PEOs):

- **PEO 1:** Technical Knowledge: Graduates will be able to identify, analyze and create solutions for real life, industrial and societal needs by applying the principles and practices of Information Technology.
- **PEO 2:** Teamwork & Ethics : Graduates will be able to collaborate effectively and ethically in a multi-disciplinary team as a member &/ as a leader.
- PEO 3: Lifelong Learning: Graduates will be able to adopt the contemporary technologies in the field of Information Technology to provide solutions for challenging environments.

PROGRAM OUTCOMES:

After going through the four years of study, the B.Tech. Information Technology graduates will have the ability to

POs	Graduate Attribute	Programme Outcome
		Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science,
1	Engineering knowledge	engineering fundamentals, and an engineering
'	Linging knowledge	specialization to the solution of complex engineering
		problems.
		Identify, formulate, review research literature, and
		analyze complex engineering problems reaching
2	Problem analysis	substantiated conclusions using first principles of
		mathematics, natural sciences, and engineering
		sciences.
		Design solutions for complex engineering problems and
	Design/Development of	design system components or processes that meet the
3	solutions	specified needs with appropriate consideration for the
	3010110113	public health and safety, and the cultural, societal, and
		environmental considerations.
		Use research-based knowledge and research methods
4	Conduct investigations	including design of experiments, analysis and
	of complex problems	interpretation of data, and synthesis of the information
		to provide valid conclusions
		Create, select, and apply appropriate techniques,
		resources, and modern engineering and IT tools
5	Modern tool usage	including prediction and modeling to complex
		engineering activities with an understanding of the
		limitations
		Apply reasoning informed by the contextual knowledge
6	The engineer and	to assess societal, health, safety, legal and cultural
	society	issues and the consequent responsibilities relevant to
		the professional engineering practice

		Understand the impact of the professional engineering
7	Environment and	solutions in societal and environmental contexts, and
'	sustainability	demonstrate the knowledge of, and need for
		sustainable development.
		Apply ethical principles and commit to professional
8	Ethics	ethics and responsibilities and norms of the engineering
		practice.
	Individual and team	Function effectively as an individual, and as a member
9	work	or leader in diverse teams, and in multidisciplinary
	WOIK	settings.
		Communicate effectively on complex engineering
		activities with the engineering community and with
10	Communication	society at large, such as, being able to comprehend and
10	Communication	write effective reports and design documentation, make
		effective presentations, and give and receive clear
		instructions.
		Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of the
	Drain at management	engineering and management principles and apply
11	Project management and finance	these to one's own work, as a member and leader in a
	and imance	team, to manage projects and in multidisciplinary
		environments.
		Recognize the need for, and have the preparation and
12	Life-long learning	ability to engage in independent and life-long learning in
		the broadest context of technological change.

PROGRAMME SPECIFIC OUTCOMES (PSOs):

PSO1: Demonstrate technical and interpersonal skills to design and develop

IT enabled solutions to meet the real time industrial and societal

needs

PSO2: Exhibit an ability to adapt to the evolutionary changes in computing

SEMESTER V

S.NO.	COURSE CODE	COURSE TITLE	CATE GORY	CONTACT PERIODS	L	Т	Р	С
THEOF	RY							
1	IT1571	Computer Networks	PC	3	3	0	0	3
2	IT1501	Design and Analysis of Algorithms [#]	PC	5	3	0	2	4
3	IT1502	Object Oriented Analysis and Design#	PC	5	3	0	2	4
4	IT1503	Web Technology	PC	3	3	0	0	3
5	PE1	Professional Elective – I	PE	3	3	0	0	3
6	OE1	Open Elective I	OE	3	3	0	0	3
ONLIN	E COURSE							
7	OL1	Online Course I	OL	1	1	0	0	3
PRAC1	TICALS							
8	IT1581	Computer Networks Laboratory	PC	4	0	0	4	2
9	IT1511	Web Technology Laboratory	PC	4	0	0	4	2
10	HS1521	Professional Communication	EEC	2	0	0	2	1
			TOTAL	33	19	0	14	28

SEMESTER VI

S.NO.	COURSE CODE	COURSE TITLE	CATE GORY	CONTACT PERIODS	L	Т	Р	С
THEOF	RY							
1	IT1601	Data Mining and Warehousing#	PC	5	3	0	2	4
2	IT1602	Mobile Computing	PC	3	3	0	0	3
3	IT1671	Cryptography and Network Security	PC	3	3	0	0	3
4	PE2	Professional Elective – II	PE	3	3	0	0	3
5	PE3	Professional Elective – III#	PE	4	2	0	2	3
ONLIN	E COURSE							
6	OL2	Online Course II	OL	1	1	0	0	3
AUDIT	COURSE							
7	AUD2	Audit Course	AU	3	3	0	0	0
PRACT	ΓICALS							
8	IT1681	Cryptography and Network Security Laboratory	PC	4	0	0	4	2
9	CS1681	Mobile Application Development Laboratory	PC	4	0	0	4	2
			TOTAL	30	18	0	12	23

^{*} Course from the Curriculum of other UG programmes. # Theory cum Laboratory Course

PROFESSIONAL ELECTIVES (PEs)

PROFESSIONAL ELECTIVE I (SEMESTER V)

S.NO.	COURSE CODE	COURSE TITLE	CATE GORY	CONTACT PERIODS	L	Т	Р	С
1	IT1531	Agile Methodologies	PE	3	3	0	0	3
2	IT1532	Internet of Things and its Applications	PE	3	3	0	0	3
3	AD1372	Introduction to Artificial Intelligence	PE	3	3	0	0	3

PROFESSIONAL ELECTIVE II (SEMESTER VI)

S.NO.	COURSE CODE	COURSE TITLE	CATE GORY	CONTACT PERIODS	L	Т	Р	С
1	CS1535	Software Testing and Quality Assurance	PE	3	3	0	0	3
2	IT1631	Blockchain Technologies	PE	3	3	0	0	3
3	IT1632	Machine Learning and Deep Learning Techniques	PE	3	3	0	0	3

PROFESSIONAL ELECTIVE III (SEMESTER VI)

S.NO.	COURSE CODE	COURSE TITLE	CATE GORY	CONTACT PERIODS	٦	Т	Р	C
1	IT1633	Advanced Python Programming [#]	PE	4	2	0	2	3
2	IT1634	Software Defined Networks#	PE	4	2	0	2	3
3	CS1631	Big Data Analytics - Tools and Techniques [#]	PE	4	2	0	2	3

[#] Theory cum Laboratory Course

OPEN ELECTIVES (OEs)

OPEN ELECTIVE II (SEMESTER VII) – (Offered to ECE, EIE, EEE, MECH, MTR)

S.NO.	COURSE CODE	COURSE TITLE	CATE GORY	CONTACT PERIODS	L	Т	Р	С
1	OIT151	Mobile App Development	OE	3	3	0	0	3
2	OIT152	Principles of Database Management Systems	OE	3	3	0	0	3

COMPUTER NETWORKS

L	T	Р	С
3	0	0	3

OBJECTIVES:

To enable the students to

- Infer the importance of computer networks
- Apply error checking and error correction mechanisms in data Link layer
- Make use of various routing protocols
- Distinguish the functionalities of TCP & UDP protocols in the transport layer
- Summarize the functionalities and real time usage of various application layer protocols

UNIT I PHYSICAL LAYER

8

Introduction: OSI – TCP/IP architectures – Networking: Topology – Types – Devices: Hubs, Bridges, Switches, Routers and Gateways – Transmission Media – Performance: jitter – delay – throughput – bandwidth X delay

UNIT II DATALINK LAYER

10

Layers: MAC and LLC - HDLC - Frame - Types of Frames - Framing - PPP - Services: Error Detection and Correction - Ethernet, IEEE 802.11, Bluetooth, Token Ring, FDDI, Link Layer Addressing: ARP

UNIT III NETWORK LAYER

10

IP address: IPv4 and IPv6 - Subnetting - CIDR - Packet switching - Services: Routing - Intra domain: Distance Vector - RIP, Link State - OSPF, Inter domain - BGP, Multicast, IP, DHCP, ICMP.

UNIT IV TRANSPORT LAYER

8

Services: Flow Control, Congestion Control – QoS - Port Addressing, Protocols: TCP and UDP, SCTP

UNIT V APPLICATION LAYER

9

Protocols: HTTP, DNS, SMTP, MIME, POP, IMAP3, FTP, S-FTP, TELNET, SSH, SNMP

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

OUTCOMES

Upon successful completion of course the students will be able to

- CO1: Infer the importance of computer networks with OSI and TCP/IP architectures
- CO2: Apply error checking and error correction mechanisms in data Link layer for error free data transmission
- CO3: Make use of various routing protocols and their strategies in the network
- CO4: Compare the functionalities of TCP & UDP protocols in the transport layer during data transmission
- **CO5:** Summarize the functionalities of various application layer protocols and their real time usage.

TEXT BOOKS

 Behrouz A. Forouzan, Data Communications and Networking, Fifth Edition TMH. 2013.

- 1. Larry L. Peterson, Bruce S. Davie, *Computer Networks: A Systems Approach*, Fifth Edition, Morgan Kaufmann Publishers Inc., 2011.
- 2. William Stallings, *Data and Computer Communications*, Tenth Edition, Pearson Education, 2014.
- 3. Ying-Dar Lin, Ren-Hung Hwang, Fred Baker, *Computer Networks: An Open Source Approach*, McGraw Hill, 2012

IT1501 DESIGN AND ANALYSIS OF ALGORTIHMS

L	T	Р	С
3	0	2	4

OBJECTIVES:

To enable the students to

- Apply the knowledge of computing and mathematics to algorithm design
- Explain Brute force and Divide-and-Conquer techniques
- Identify the algorithm efficiency for Greedy and Dynamic programming techniques
- Be familiar with Iterative improvement techniques
- Understand the limitations of Algorithm power

UNIT I INTRODUCTION

9

Notion of an Algorithm - Fundamentals of Algorithmic Problem Solving - Important Problem Types - Performance analysis - space and time complexity - Growth of function - Big-Oh, Omega, theta notation - Asymptotic Notations and its properties-Recurrent equations and the master theorem - Empirical Analysis - Mathematical analysis for Recursive and Non-recursive algorithms - Visualization

UNIT II BRUTE FORCE AND DIVIDE-AND-CONQUER

9

Brute Force – String Matching - Closest-Pair and Convex-Hull Problems-Exhaustive Search - Traveling Salesman-Problem - Knapsack Problem - Assignment problem-Divide and conquer methodology – Merge sort – Quick sort – Randomized version of quick sort and analysis – Heap Sort - Binary search – Strassen's matrix multiplication - Closest pair and Convex hull problems

UNIT III GREEDY TECHNIQUE AND DYNAMIC PROGRAMMING

9

Greedy Technique – container loading problem Minimum cost spanning tree Prim's algorithm Kruskal's Algorithm - Dijkstra's Algorithm- Job sequencing with deadlines - Huffman Trees - Dynamic programming – Principle of optimality – Coin changing problem-Computing a Binomial Coefficient – Warshall's and Floyd' algorithm – Optimal Binary Search Trees – 0/1 Knapsack Problem and Memory functions

UNIT IV ITERATIVE IMPROVEMENT

9

The Simplex Method-The Maximum-Flow Problem – Maximum Matching in Bipartite Graphs. The Stable Marriage Problem.

UNIT V COPING WITH THE LIMITATIONS OF ALGORITHM POWER

Lower-Bound Arguments-Decision Trees-P, NP and NP-Complete Problems-Coping with the Limitations - Backtracking – n-Queens problem – Hamiltonian Circuit Problem – Subset Sum Problem – Branch and Bound – Assignment problem – Knapsack Problem – Traveling Salesman Problem- Approximation Algorithms for NP – Hard Problems – Traveling Salesman problem – Knapsack problem

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

9

LIST OF EXPERIMENTS:

- 1. Implementation of Knapsack problem using Brute Force technique.
- Implement merge and quick sort algorithms and compare the time complexity 2.
- for various of n values.
- 3. Implementation of Huffman Tree using Greedy technique.
- Implementation of Warshall's and Floyd's algorithm using Dynamic 4.
- Programming technique.
- Implementation of Stable marriage problem using Iterative improvement 5.
- technique.
- 6. Implement N-Queens problem using backtracking technique

PRACTICAL: 30 PERIODS

LIST OF EQUIPMENT FOR A BATCH OF 30 STUDENTS:

S. No.	Description of Equipment Quality	Quantity Required
1	Personal Computers (Intel Core i3, HDD 500 GB, 4 GB RAM)	30
2	Printer	1
3	Software: Python 3.6	Open Source

TOTAL: 75 PERIODS

OUTCOMES (THEORY)

At the end of the course, students will be able to

CO1: Demonstrate the time and space complexity of computational problems

CO2: Apply brute force, exhaustive search and divide and conquer techniques for real world problems

CO3: Apply greedy and dynamic programming techniques for graph and combinatorial problems

CO4: Identify the roles of iterative improvement technique to solve optimization problems

CO5: Explain the use of backtracking, branch & bound and approximation techniques to overcome the limitations of np-complete and np-hard problems

OUTCOMES (LAB)

At the end of the course, students will be able to

CO1: Solve maximization problem using brute-force technique.

CO2: Solve the various sorting algorithms using divide and conquer strategy.

CO3: Apply dynamic programming and greedy techniques for graph and tree-based problems.

CO4: Apply iterative improvement technique to maximum matching problem.

CO5: Utilize the backtracking technique to solve N-Queen problem.

TEXT BOOKS

- 1. Anany Levitin, 2012, *Introduction to the Design and Analysis of Algorithms*, 3rd ed, Pearson Education.
- 2. Ellis Horowitz, Sartaj Sahni & Sanguthevar Rajasekaran, 2007, *Computer Algorithms/ C++*, 2nd ed, Universities Press.

- Thomas H Cormen, Charles E Leiserson, Ronald L Rivest & Clifford Stein,
 2012, Introduction to Algorithms, 3rd ed, PHI Learning Private Limited.
- 2. Toby Velte, Anthony Velte, Robert Elsenpeter, *Cloud Computing A Practical Approach*, Tata Mcgraw Hill, 2009.
- 3. Alfred V Aho, John E Hopcroft & Jeffrey D Ullman, 2006, *Data Structures and Algorithms*, Pearson Education, Reprint.

IT1502 OBJECT ORIENTED ANALYSIS AND DESIGN

L	T	Р	С
3	0	2	4

OBJECTIVES:

To enable the students to

- Understand the fundamentals of Object Modeling, Unified Process Model
- Design with static with UML diagrams
- Design with UML dynamic and Implementation Diagrams
- Improve the software design with design patterns
- Test the software against its requirements specification

UNIT I INTRODUCTION & CASE STUDY - NEXTGEN POS SYSTEM

9

Introduction to OOAD with OO Basics - Unified ProcessModel- Case study - The Next Gen POS system - Inception - Use case Modelling - Relating Use cases – include, extend and generalization

UNIT II STATIC UML DIAGRAMS

9

Class Diagram - Elaboration - Domain Model - Finding conceptual classes and description classes - Associations - Attributes - Domain model refinement - Finding conceptual class Hierarchies - Aggregation and Composition - Relationship between sequence diagrams and use cases

UNIT III DYNAMIC AND IMPLEMENTATION DIAGRAMS

9

Dynamic Diagrams -UML interaction diagrams -System sequence diagram - Collaboration diagram -State machine diagram and Modelling -Activity diagram - UML package diagram - Component and Deployment Diagrams

UNIT IV Design Patterns and Mapping Design to Code

9

GRASP: Designing objects with responsibilities - Creator - Information expert Low Coupling - High Cohesion - Controller Design Patterns - creational - factory method - structural - Bridge - Adapter - behavioural - Strategy - Observer - Applying GoF design patterns - Mapping design to code

UNIT V Object Oriented Testing

9

Impact of object orientation on Testing - Testing: Issues in OO Testing - Class Testing - OO Integration Testing - GUI Testing - OO System Testing. - Develop Test Cases and Test Plans

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

LIST OF EXPERIMENTS:

1. Draw standard UML diagrams using an UML modeling tool for a given case study and map design to code and implement a 3 layered architecture.

- 2. Test the developed code and validate whether the SRS is satisfied.
 - a. Identify a software system that needs to be developed
 - b. Document the Software Requirements Specification (SRS) for the identified system.
 - c. Identify use cases and develop the Use Case model.
- 3. Identify the conceptual classes and develop a Domain Model.
- 4. Derive Class Diagram from the Domain Model.
- 5. Using the identified scenarios, find the interaction between objects and represent them using UML Sequence and Collaboration Diagrams
- 6. Draw relevant State Chart and Activity Diagrams.
- 7. Draw UML Package, Component and Deployment Diagrams.
- 8. Implement the system as per the detailed design
 - (i) ER diagrams and Table creation
 - (ii) Application Logic (Authentication)
 - (iii) Application Logic (Main Business Logic)
 - (iv) User Interface Design
 - (v) Database Connectivity
- 9. Test cases and Test Suite
 - Test the software system for all the scenarios identified as per the use case diagram - (Unit Testing, Integration Testing and System Testing)
- 10. Improve the reusability and maintainability of the software system by applying appropriate design patterns.

Suggested Domain for Mini Project

- 1. E-Passport automation system.
- 2. Book Shop Management System
- 3. Alumni Information System
- 4. Attendance Management System

- 5. Exam registration System
- 6. Boutique Store management system.
- 7. Online course reservation system
- 8. Airline/Railway reservation system
- 9. Online Recruitment system
- 10. Conference management system
- 11. Library management system
- 12. Student information system
- 13. Electricity Bill Payment System
- 14. Exam Seating Management System
- 15. Hospital Management System

PRACTICAL: 30 PERIODS

LIST OF EQUIPMENT FOR A BATCH OF 30 STUDENTS:

S. No.	Description of Equipment Quality	Quantity Required	
1	Personal Computers (Intel Core i3, HDD	30	
•	500 GB, 4 GB RAM)		
2	Printer	1	
3	Software:		
Α	ArgoUML, Eclipse IDE, Visual Paradigm, Visu	ual case, and Rational	
	Suitesupports UML 1.4 and higher		
В	jUnit – for Java unit Test		
С	Selenium - is a suite of tools for automating web applications for		
	software testing purposes, plugin for Firefox		
	HP QC - is the HP Web-based test management tool. It familiarizes		
	with the process of defining releases, specifying requirements,		
D	planning tests, executing tests, tracking defects, alerting on		
	changes, and analyzing results. It also shows how to customize		
	project		
E	IBM Rational - Rational software has a solution	on to support business	
	sector for designing, implementing and testing	g software	

TOTAL: 75 PERIODS

OUTCOMES (THEORY)

Upon successful completion of course the students will be able to

CO1: Develop a use case diagram for a given application.

CO2: Identify Domain model and Class Diagrams for the chosen software system.

CO3: Sketch the appropriate dynamic and implementation UML diagrams for a given application.

CO4: Use design patterns to transform UML based software design into pattern based design.

CO5: Explain the various testing methodologies for OO software.

OUTCOMES (LAB)

Upon successful completion of course the students will be able to

CO1: Prepare Software Requirement Specification (SRS) document for the identified system.

CO2: Sketch UML diagrams for the identified system.

CO3: Develop the solution for the identified system.

CO4: Build test cases to test the developed system.

CO5: Modify the developed system for various scenarios.

TEXT BOOKS

- 1. Craig Larman, Applying UML and Patterns: An Introduction to objectoriented Analysis and Design and iterative development, Third Edition, Pearson Education, 2012.
- 2. Paul C. Jorgensen, Software Testing:- A Craftsman"s Approach, Third Edition, Auerbach Publications, Taylor and Francis Group, 2008.

- 1. Mike O'Docherty, Object-Oriented Analysis & Design: Understanding System Development with UML 2.0, John Wiley & Sons, 2005.
- 2. James W- Cooper, Addison-Wesley, Java Design Patterns A Tutorial,

2000.

- 3. MichealBlaha, James Rambaugh, *Object-Oriented Modeling and Design with UML*, Second Edition, Prentice Hall of India Private Limited, 2007.
- Erich Gamma, Richard Helm, Ralph Johnson, John Vlissides, Design patterns: Elements of Reusable object-oriented software, Addison-Wesley, 1995.
- 5. Simon Bennett, Steve Mc Robb and Ray Farmer, *Object Oriented Systems Analysis and Design Using UML*, Fourth Edition, Mc-Graw Hill Education, 2010.
- 6. Martin Fowler, *UML Distilled: A Brief Guide to the Standard Object Modeling Language*, Third edition, Addison Wesley, 2003.

WEB REFERENCES:

- 1. http://vlabs.iitkgp.ernet.in/se/ Virtual Lab at IIT Kharagpur
- 2. http://codecourse.sourceforge.net/materials/The-Waterfall-Lifecycle-Model.html
- 3. http://www.agilemodeling.com/
- 4. http://www.uml.org/
- 5. http://www.uml-diagrams.org

WEB TECHNOLOGY

L	T	Р	С
3	0	0	3

OBJECTIVES:

To enable the students to:

- Understand about client-server communication and creating a static web pages using HTML tags.
- Design interactive web pages using Scripting languages.
- Learn server side programming using servlets and JSP.
- Develop web pages using XML/XSLT.
- Understand AJAX and web services & identify the interactions among web services.

UNIT I WEB SITE BASICS AND HTML

9

Introduction: Clients and Web client, Servers and Web server, Communication – Basic Internet Protocols: WWW, HTTP request message and response message – HTML: Introduction, Basic formatting tags: Grouping using div and span, List: Ordered list, Unordered list, Definition list, Image and image mapping, Hyperlinks, Tables, Forms – HTML5.0: Semantics elements, Web forms, Canvas API, SVG API, Media (Audio and Video) – XHTML.

UNIT II CSS AND CLIENT SIDE SCRIPTING

9

CSS: Introduction, Features, Core syntax, Style rule cascading and Inheritance, Text properties, Box model normal flow, Box layout – CSS3.0: Background image, 2D transformation, 3D transformation, Transition and Animation, Multi-column layout – Client side scripting: Introduction, JavaScript: History and Versions, Syntax, Variables and Data Types, Statements, Operators, Literals, Functions, Objects, Arrays, Built-in Objects, JavaScript Debuggers.

UNIT III SERVER SIDE SCRIPTING

9

Server-Side Programming: Introduction, Java Servlets: Architecture, Overview, Generating Dynamic Content, Life Cycle, Parameter Data, Sessions, Cookies, URL Rewriting, Other Capabilities, Data Storage Servlets and Concurrency, Databases and Java Servlets – JSP: JSP Technology Introduction, JSP and Servlets, Running JSP Applications Basic JSP, JavaBeans Classes and JSP, Tag Libraries and Files,

Support for the Model-View-Controller Paradigm, Databases and JSP.

UNIT IV DOM AND XML

9

DOM: Browsers and the DOM, Introduction to the Document Object Model (DOM), History and Levels, Intrinsic Event Handling, Modifying Element Style, The Document Tree, DOM Event Handling, Accommodating Noncompliant Browsers Properties of window – Representing Web Data: XML, Documents and Vocabularies, Versions and Declaration, Namespaces, DOM based XML processing, Event-oriented Parsing: SAX, Transforming XML Documents, Selecting XML Data: XPATH, Template based Transformations: XSLT, Displaying XML Documents in Browsers.

UNIT V AJAX AND WEB SERVICES

9

AJAX: Ajax Client Server Architecture, XML Http Request Object, Call Back Methods – Web Services: JAX – RPC Concepts, Writing a Java Web Service, Writing a Java Web Service Client, Describing Web Services: WSDL, UDDI, Representing Data Types: XML Schema – Communicating Object Data: SOAP Related Technologies, JSON, REST APIs, Software Installation, Storing Java Objects as Files.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

OUTCOMES

Upon successful completion of course the students will be able to

CO1: Identify the appropriate HTML tags for creating static websites in client server communication

CO2: Choose appropriate tags to format and validate the front end of web application

CO3: Make use of sever side scripting and database concepts for creating an interactive web application

CO4: Illustrate the concepts of XML DOM for storing and validating the data

CO5: Make use of AJAX concepts for creating web application and explore JAVA web services.

TEXT BOOKS

1. Jeffrey C. Jackson, *Web Technologies--A Computer Science Perspective*, Pearson Education, 2006.

- 1. Robert. W. Sebesta, *Programming the World Wide Web*, Fourth Edition, Pearson Education, 2007.
- 2. Deitel, Deitel, Goldberg, *Internet & World Wide Web How To Program*, ThirdEdition, Pearson Education, 2006.
- 3. Marty Hall and Larry Brown, —Core Web Programming , Second Edition, Volume I and II, Pearson Education, 2001.
- 4. Bates, Developing Web Applications II, Wiley, 2006

COMPUTER NETWORKS LABORATORY

L	T	Р	С
0	0	4	2

OBJECTIVES:

To enables the students to

- Learn and use network commands.
- Understand socket programming.
- Familiarize with the implementation and analysis of various network protocols.
- Make use of simulation tools to analyze the performance of various network protocols.

LIST OF EXPERIMENTS

- Learn to use commands like tcpdump, netstat, ifconfig, nslookup and traceroute.
 Capture ping and traceroute PDUs using wireshark and examine.
- 2. Simulate bit stuffing concept.
- 3. Simulate error correction mechanism (like CRC).
- 4. Simulation of Distance Vector/Link State Routing algorithm.
- 5. Performance evaluation of Routing protocols using Simulation tool.
- 6. Implementation of subnetting concepts.
- 7. Write a HTTP web client program to download a web page using TCP sockets.
- 8. Applications using TCP sockets like:
 - 1. Echo client and echo server
 - 2. Chat
 - 3. File Transfer
- 9. Simulation of DNS using UDP sockets.
- 10. Write suitable codes for simulating ARP /RARP protocols.
- 11. Simulation of Congestion Control Algorithms using NS.
- 12. Performance Evaluation of TCP/UDP using Simulation tool.
- 13. Working with RMI using Java.

TOTAL: 60 PERIODS

SOFTWARE SPECIFICATIONS:

For capturing packets : Wireshark

Simulation Tools Preferred: NS-2, CISCO Packet Tracer, or equivalent

Language preferred : C, Java, Python

OUTCOMES

Upon successful completion of course the students will be able to

CO1: Make use of basic networking commands for capturing packets in live networks

CO2: Implement bit stuffing and error correction algorithms in a client/server environment.

CO3: Analyse the performance of network routing protocols and transport layer services through simulation tools.

CO4: Simulate the application protocols using TCP and UDP.

CO5: Build an RMI server/client for a real time application.

REFERENCES:

- Larry L. Peterson, Bruce S. Davie, Computer Networks: A Systems Approach,
 Fifth Edition, Morgan Kaufmann Publishers Inc., 2011.
- 2. Behrouz A. Forouzan, *Data Communications and Networking*, Fifth Edition TMH, 2013.
- 3. https://ns2projects.org/ns2-tutorial-for-beginners/
- 4. https://www.netacad.com/courses/packet-tracer/introduction-packet-tracer

WEB TECHNOLOGY LABORATORY

L	T	Р	С
0	0	4	2

OBJECTIVES:

To enable the students to

- Use HTML and CSS for creating a simple web application
- Develop interactive web pages using Scripting languages
- Learn server-side programming using servlets and JSP
- Develop web pages using XML/XSLT
- Understand the concept of AJAX and Web Services

LIST OF EXPERIMENTS:

- 1. Create a responsive web page with the following using HTML.
 - a. To embed an image map in a web page.
 - b. To fix the hot spots.
 - c. Show all the related information when the hot spots are clicked
- 2. Create a web page with all types of Cascading Style Sheets.
- 3. Client-side scripts for validating web form controls using DHTML.
- 4. Write programs in Java to create three-tier applications using Servlet and Databases
 - a. For conducting on-line examination.
 - b. Session Tracking.
- 5. Write programs in Java to create three-tier applications using JSP and Databases
 - a. For displaying student mark list. Assume that student information is available in a database which has been stored in a database server.
- 6. Implementation of EJB
- 7. Programs using DOM and SAX parsers.
- 8. Programs Using Xml Schema XSLT/XSL.
- 9. Programs using AJAX.
- 10. Consider a case where there are two web Services an airline service and a travel agent and the travel agent is searching for an airline. Implement this scenario using Web Services and Data base.
- 11. Mini Project

TOTAL: 60 PERIODS

SOFTWARE SPECIFICATIONS:

- 1. Dream Weaver or Equivalent
- 2. MySQL or Equivalent
- 3. WAMP/XAMPP

OUTCOMES

Upon successful completion of course the students will be able to

CO1: Apply HTML and CSS Technologies for creating interactive webpage

CO2: Develop a dynamic web application using DHTML and JavaScript

CO3: Make Use of server side scripting like servlets and JSP to implement three tier web applications

CO4: Utilize XML Technologies for storing and retrieving data

CO5: Experiment with web services and AJAX concepts for developing real time applications

REFERENCES:

- Kogent Learning Solutions Inc., Web Technologies: HTML, JAVASCRIPT, PHP, JAVA, JSP, ASP.NET, XML and Ajax, Black Book, Dreamtech Press, 2009.
- 2. 1. https://www.w3schools.com/html/
 - 2. https://www.w3schools.com/css/
 - 3. https://www.w3schools.com/js/
 - 4. https://www.javatpoint.com/servlet-tutorial
 - 5. https://www.javatpoint.com/jsp-tutorial
 - 6. https://www.javatpoint.com/ejb-tutorial
 - 7. https://www.javatpoint.com/xml-tutorial
 - 8. https://www.w3schools.com/xml/ajax_intro.asp
 - 9. https://www.javatpoint.com/web-services-tutorial

HS1521

PROFESSIONAL COMMUNICATION

L	T	Р	С
0	0	2	1

OBJECTIVES:

The course aims to

Enhance the Employability and Career Skills of students

Orient the students towards grooming as a professional

Make them Employable Graduates

Develop their confidence and help them attend interviews successfully

UNIT I

Introduction to Soft Skills- Hard skills & soft skills - employability and career Skills-Grooming as a professional with values—Time Management—General awareness of

Current Affairs

UNIT II

Self-Introduction-organizing the material – Introducing oneself to the audience –

introducing the topic - answering questions with clarity and appropriate pharases -

individual presentation practice— presenting the visuals effectively - 5 minute

presentations

UNIT III

Introduction to Group Discussion—Participating in group discussions – understanding

group dynamics - brainstorming the topic -- questioning and clarifying -GD

strategies- activities to improve GD skills

UNIT IV

Interview etiquette - dress code - body language - attending job interviews-

telephone/skype interview -one to one interview &panel interview - FAQs related to

job interviews

UNIT V

Recognizing differences between groups and teams- managing time-managing stress-

networking professionallyrespecting social protocols-understanding career

management- developing a long-term career plan-making career changes

TOTAL: 30 PERIODS

25

Available Software:

1. Odyll

OUTCOMES

At the end of the course Learners will be able to:

- Make effective presentations
- Participate confidently in Group Discussions.
- · Attend job interviews and be successful in them.
- Develop adequate Soft Skills required for the workplace

- Butterfield, Jeff Soft Skills for Everyone. Cengage Learning: New Delhi,
 2015
- 2. E. Suresh Kumar et al. *Communication for Professional Success*. Orient Blackswan: Hyderabad, 2015
- Interact English Lab Manual for Undergraduate Students,.
 OrientBalckSwan: Hyderabad,2016.
- Raman, Meenakshi and Sangeeta Sharma. Professional Communication.
 OxfordUniversity Press: Oxford, 2014
- 5. S. Hariharanet al. Soft Skills. MJP Publishers: Chennai, 2010.

DATA MINING AND WAREHOUSING

L	T	Р	С
3	0	2	4

OBJECTIVES:

To enable the students to:

- Be familiar with the concepts of data warehouse,
- Be acquainted with the tools and techniques used for knowledge discovery in databases.
- Apply data mining and association rule mining techniques
- Utilize classification and prediction algorithms
- Choose clustering algorithms for real time applications.

UNIT I DATA WAREHOUSING

9

Data Warehousing Components –Building a Data warehouse — Mapping the Data Warehouse to a Multiprocessor Architecture – DBMS Schemas for Decision Support – Data Extraction, Cleanup, and Transformation Tools –Metadata.

UNIT II BUSINESS ANALYSIS

9

Reporting and Query tools and Applications – Tool Categories – The Need for Applications – Cognos Impromptu – Online Analytical Processing (OLAP) – Need – Multidimensional Data Model – OLAP Guidelines – Multidimensional versus Multirelational OLAP – Categories of Tools – OLAP Tools and the Internet.

UNIT III DATA MINING & ASSOCIATION RULE MINING

11

Introduction – Data – Types of Data – Data Mining Functionalities – Interestingness of Patterns – Classification of Data Mining Systems – Data Mining Task Primitives – Integration of a Data Mining System with a Data Warehouse – Issues –Data Preprocessing – Mining Frequent Patterns, Associations and Correlations – Mining Methods – Mining various Kinds of Association Rules – Correlation Analysis – Constraint Based Association Mining

UNIT IV CLASSIFICATION AND PREDICTION

7

Classification and Prediction - Basic Concepts - Decision Tree Induction - Bayesian Classification - Rule Based Classification - Classification by Back propagation -

Support Vector Machines – Associative Classification – Lazy Learners – Other Classification Methods – Prediction.

UNIT V CLUSTERING AND TRENDS IN DATA MINING

9

Cluster Analysis - Types of Data - Categorization of Major Clustering Methods - K-means- Partitioning Methods - Hierarchical Methods - Density-Based Methods - Grid Based Methods - Model-Based Clustering Methods - Clustering High Dimensional Data - Constraint - Based Cluster Analysis - Outlier Analysis - Data Mining Applications

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

LIST OF EXPERIMENTS:

- 1. Write ETL scripts and implement using data warehouse tools
- 2. Load each dataset into Weka and run Apriori algorithm with different support and confidence values.
- 3. FP Growth Algorithm
- 4. Naïve-bayes classification.
- 5. Support Vector Machines
- 6. Decision Tree
- 7. K- Means Partitioning
- 8. Hierarchical Clustering
- 9. Web Mining
- 10. Text Mining

LIST OF EQUIPMENT FOR A BATCH OF 30 STUDENTS:

S. No.	Description of Equipment Quality	Quantity Required
1	Personal Computers (Intel Core i3, HDD 500 GB, 4 GB RAM)	30
2	Printer	1
3	Software: Python / R Programming	Open Source

PRACTICALS: 30 PERIODS

TOTAL: 75 PERIODS

OUTCOMES (THEORY)

Upon successful completion of course the students will be able to

CO1: Infer the various Data warehousing Components.

CO2: Illustrate the operations of OLAP tools involved in Business Analysis

CO3: Interpret the rule mining techniques to discover patterns

CO4: Summarize the classification and prediction algorithms.

CO5: Classify the clustering algorithms

OUTCOMES (LAB)

Upon successful completion of course the students will be able to

CO1: Develop ETL scripts and implement using data warehouse tools

CO2: Utilize rule mining techniques to discover patterns

CO3: Experiment with classification and prediction algorithms

CO4: Select the appropriate clustering algorithm for real word use cases

CO5: Implement text mining and web mining

TEXT BOOKS

1. Alex Berson& Stephen J.Smith, 2008, *Data Warehousing, Data Mining and OLAP*, Tata McGraw – Hill Edition.

2. Jiawei Han & Micheline Kamber, 2012, *Data Mining Concepts and Techniques*, 3rd ed, Elsevier.

- 1. Pang-Ning Tan, Michael Steinbach & Vipin Kumar, 2007, *Introduction to Data Mining*, Person Education.
- 2. K.P. Soman, Shyam Diwakar & V. Aja, 2006, *Insight into Data Mining Theory and Practice*, Eastern Economy Edition, Prentice Hall of India.
- 3. G. K. Gupta, 2006, Introduction to Data Mining with Case Studies, Eastern

- Economy Edition, Prentice Hall of India.
- 4. Daniel T.Larose, 2006, *Data Mining Methods and Models*, Wiley-Interscience.

MOBILE COMPUTING

L	T	Р	С
3	0	0	3

OBJECTIVES:

The student should be made to:

- Understand the basic concepts of mobile computing.
- Be familiar with the network protocol stack.
- Learn the basics of mobile telecommunication system.
- Be exposed to Ad-Hoc networks.
- Gain knowledge about different mobile platforms and application development

UNIT I INTRODUCTION

9

Mobile Computing – Mobile Computing Vs wireless Networking – Mobile Computing Applications – Characteristics of Mobile computing – Structure of Mobile Computing Application. MAC Protocols – Wireless MAC Issues – Fixed Assignment Schemes – Random Assignment Schemes – Reservation Based Schemes.

UNIT II MOBILE INTERNET PROTOCOL AND TRANSPORT LAYER

9

Overview of Mobile IP – Features of Mobile IP – Key Mechanism in Mobile IP – route Optimization. Overview of TCP/IP – Architecture of TCP/IP- Adaptation of tCP Window – Improvement in TCP Performance.

UNIT III MOBILE TELECOMMUNICATION SYSTEM

9

Global System for Mobile Communication (GSM) – General Packet Radio Service (GPRS) –Universal Mobile Telecommunication System (UMTS).

UNIT IV MOBILE AD-HOC NETWORKS

9

Ad-Hoc Basic Concepts – Characteristics – Applications – Design Issues – Routing – Essential of Traditional Routing Protocols –Popular Routing Protocols – Vehicular Ad Hoc networks (VANET) – MANET Vs VANET – Security.

UNIT V MOBILE PLATFORMS AND APPLICATIONS

9

Mobile Device Operating Systems – Special Constrains & Requirements – Commercial Mobile Operating Systems – Software Development Kit: iOS, Android, BlackBerry, Windows Phone – MCommerce – Structure – Pros & Cons – Mobile Payment System – Security Issues.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

OUTCOMES

At the end of the course, the student should be able to

CO1: Explain the basics of mobile telecommunication system

Choose the required functionality at each layer for given application

CO3: Identify solution for each functionality at each layer

CO4: Use simulator tools and design Ad hoc networks

CO5: Develop a mobile application.

TEXT BOOKS

Prasant Kumar Pattnaik, Rajib Mall, Fundamentals of Mobile Computing,
 PHI Learning Pvt. Ltd, New Delhi – 2012.

- Jochen H. Schller, Mobile Communication, Second Edition, Pearson Education, New Delhi, 2007
- 2. Dharma Prakash Agarval, Qing and An Zeng, *Introduction to Wireless and Mobile systems*, Thomson Asia Pvt Ltd, 2005
- Uwe Hansmann, Lothar Merk, Martin S. Nicklons and Thomas Stober, *Principles of Mobile Computing*, Springer, 2003
- 4. William.C.Y.Lee, *Mobile Cellular Telecommunications-Analog and Digital Systems*, Second Edition, Tata Mc Graw Hill Edition ,2006
- 5. C.K.Toh, *AdHoc Mobile Wireless Networks*, First Edition, Pearson Education, 2002.
- 6. Android Developers : http://developer.android.com/index.html
- 7. Apple Developer : https://developer.apple.com/
- 8. Windows Phone Dev Center: http://developer.windowsphone.com
- 9. BlackBerry Developer: http://developer.blackberry.com/

CRYPTOGRPAHY AND NETWORK SECURITY

L	T	Р	С
3	0	0	3

OBJECTIVES:

IT1671

To enable the students to

- learn the fundamental concepts and techniques in cryptography
- illustrate the symmetric cryptosystem with respect to block ciphers and stream ciphers
- explore the Asymmetric cryptosystems
- understand the various message authentication principals and data integrity algorithms
- acquire background knowledge of various security practices and system level security

UNIT I CLASSICAL CRYPTOSYSTEM

9

OSI security architecture: Security services, Security mechanism, Security attacks

Network Security model — Introduction to cryptosystem: Symmetric cryptosystem, Asymmetric cryptosystem — Perfect Secrecy — Classical symmetrictechniques: Substitution: Caesar cipher, Shift cipher, Playfair cipher, Hill cipher, Vigenere cipher, Autokey cipher, One time pad, Transposition: Rail fence, Row columnar transposition — Introduction to modern cryptosystem.

UNIT II MODERN SYMMETRIC CRYPTOSYSTEM

9

Mathematics for Symmetric model: Algebraic structures, Modular arithmetic, Congruence and matrices, Groups, Rings, Fields, Finite fields, Euclid's algorithm — Mode of operations: Electronics codebook, Cipher block chaining, Cipher feedback, Output feedback, Counter — Differential and linear cryptanalysis — Block Ciphers: Block cipher design principles, Standard Data Encryption Standard (SDES), Data Encryption Standard (DES), Advanced Encryption Standard (AES) — Streamciphers: Stream cipher design principles, RC4, IDEA.

UNIT III ASYMMETRIC CRYPTOSYSTEM

9

Mathematics for asymmetric model: Primes, Primality Testing, Factorization, Euler_s totient function, Fermat_s and Euler_s Theorem, Chinese Remainder Theorem, Exponentiation and logarithm – **Asymmetric cryptosystem:** RSA – Key

distribution – Diffie Hellman – ElGammal cryptosystem – Elliptic curve cryptosystem.

UNIT IV INTEGRITY AND MESSAGE AUTHENTICATION

9

Authentication requirements – Authentication function – Message Authentication Code (MAC) – Hash function – Secure Hash Algorithm (SHA) – HMAC and CMAC – Digital signature – DSS – **Entity authentication:** Biometrics, Passwords, Challenge Response protocols – Kerberos – X.509.

UNIT V SYSTEM SECURITY AND SECURITY PRACTICES

9

Intrusion Detection System (IDS) – **Malicious software:** Trapdoor, Trojan horses, Logic bombs, Viruses, Worms, etc. — **Firewalls:** Types of firewall, Firewall configuration – **E-mail security:** PGP, S/MIME – **IP security:** AH, ESP, IKE – **Websecurity:** SSL, TLS, SET.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

OUTCOMES

After successful completion of the course, the students will be able to:

- CO1: Select an appropriate classical symmetric cryptosystem to provide data security
- CO2: Apply the mathematical concepts for symmetric block ciphers and stream ciphers
- CO3: Choose an appropriate asymmetric cryptosystem and key management to ensure a secure transmission for a real world scenario
- CO4: Utilize the hash functions and digital signatures to provide authentication and integrity to a cryptosystem
- CO5: Discuss various real time practices that provide Email security, network security and system security

TEXT BOOKS

- 1. William Stallings, *Cryptography and network Security*, 7th edition Pearson, 2017.
- 2. BehrouzA.Foruzan, *Cryptography and Network Security*, Tata McGraw Hill2007.
- 3. C K Shyamala, N Harini and Dr. T R Padmanabhan: *Cryptography and Network Security*, Wiley India Pvt. Ltd.

- 1. Wade Trappe, Lawrence C Washington, —Introduction to Cryptography with coding theoryll, 2nd edition, Pearson, 2007
- 2. Charles P. Pfleeger, Shari Lawrence Pfleeger, —Security in computingll, Prentice Hall of India, 3rd Edition, 2006
- Charlie Kaufman, Radia Perlman, and Mike Speciner, Network Security: PRIVATE Communication in a PUBLIC World, Prentice Hall, ISBN 0-13-046019-2

CRYPTOGRAPHY AND NETWORK SECURITY LABORATORY

L	T	Р	С
0	0	4	2

OBJECTIVES:

This course enables the students to

- implement various classical symmetric cryptosystem
- get familiarized with different modern symmetric and asymmetric cryptosystems
- utilize the key exchange algorithm to secure the private key
- build data integrity algorithms to provide data integrity and authentication
- make use of various open source tools like GnuPG, KF sensor, Snort, etc.

LIST OF EXPERIMENTS

- 1. Implementation of Classical Substitution Crypto Algorithms to provide Confidentiality
 - a. Implementation of Caesar Cipher and Shift Cipher
 - b. Implementation of Playfair Cipher
 - c. Implementation of Vigenere Cipher
 - d. Implementation of Hill Cipher
- Implementation of Classical Transposition Crypto Algorithms to provide Confidentiality
 - a. Implementation of Row Columnar Transformation
 - b. Implementation of Rail fence
- 3. Implementation of Modern Private Key Cryptosystem Algorithms to provide Confidentiality
 - a. Apply DES algorithm for practical applications
 - b. Apply AES algorithm for practical applications
- 4. Implementation of Public Key Cryptosystem to provide Confidentiality and Authentication
 - a. Implement RSA Algorithm
- 5. Implement the Diffie-Hellman Key Exchange algorithm
- 6. Implementation of Cryptographic Algorithms to provide Data Integrity and Authentication
 - a. Calculate the message digest of a text using the SHA algorithm.
- 7. Implement the SIGNATURE SCHEME Digital Signature Standard.
- 8. Demonstration on Usage of Modern Tools in Securing a System
 - a. Demonstrate how to provide secure data storage, secure data transmission and

- for creating digital signatures (GnuPG)
- b. Demonstrate intrusion detection system (ids) using any tool eg. Snort or any other s/w.
- c. Setup a honey pot and monitor the honeypot on network (KF Sensor)
- d. Automated Attack and Penetration Tools
- e. Defeating Malware i) Building Trojans ii) Rootkit Hunter

TOTAL: 60 PERIODS

LIST OF EQUIPMENT FOR A BATCH OF 30 STUDENTS:

S. No.	Description of Equipment Quality	Quantity Required
1	Personal Computers (Intel Core i3, HDD 500 GB, 4 GB RAM)	30
2	Printer	1
3	Software: a. C / JAVA / Python b. GnuPG c. SNORT d. KF Sensor	Open Source

OUTCOMES

After successful completion of the course, the students will be able to

- **CO1:** Choose appropriate classical symmetric cryptosystem to provide data security.
- CO2: Make use of modern symmetric and asymmetric cryptosystem to enhance data security.
- **CO3:** Apply the key exchange algorithm to securely exchange symmetric keys.
- **CO4:** Select an appropriate hash algorithm and digital signature to provide integrity and authentication.
- **CO5:** Examine the security of the network system using open source tools.

REFERENCES:

1. Bruce Schneier, *Applied Cryptography: Protocols, Algorithms, and Source Code in C*, Wiley India Pvt. Ltd.

https://mrajacse.files.wordpress.com/2012/01/applied-cryptography-2nd-ed-b-

schneier.pdf

- 2. Jonathan B. Knudsen, *Java Cryptography*, O'Reilly Media, Inc. https://informatika.stei.itb.ac.id/~rinaldi.munir/Kriptografi/2010-2011/Java%20Cryptography.pdf
- 3. Seth James Nielson, Christopher K. Monson, *Practical Cryptography in Python: Learning Correct Cryptography by Example*, Apress.
- 4. http://www.keyfocus.net/kfsensor/
- 5. https://www.snort.org/
- 6. https://www.gpg4win.org/download.html

CS1681

MOBILE APPLICATION DEVELOPMENT LABORATORY

L	T	Р	С
0	0	4	2

LIST OF EXPERIMENTS

- 1. Develop an application that uses GUI components, Styles
- 2. Develop an application that uses Layout Managers and event listeners.
- 3. Develop an application to draw basic graphical primitives on the screen.
- 4. Create an Animation using Multithreading
- 5. Develop an application that makes use of databases. (SQLite)
- 6. Implement an application that writes data to the SD card.
- 7. Develop an application that makes use of Notification Manager
- 8. Develop a native application that uses GPS location information
- 9. Implement an application that creates an alert upon receiving a message
- 10. Develop a mobile application to send an email.
- 11. Develop a mobile application with regional language support
- 12. Develop a mobile application to record audio
- 13. Develop a mobile application for sensing temperature using IOT
- 14. Develop a mobile application to retrieve and process data from cloud storage.
- 15. Develop a Mini Project

LIST OF EQUIPMENT FOR A BATCH OF 30 STUDENTS:

S. No.	Description of Equipment Quality	Quantity Required
1	Personal Computers (8 GB RAM)	30
2	Printer	1
3	Software: Android Studio	

TOTAL: 60 PERIODS

TEXT BOOK

1. John Horton, *Android Programming for Beginners*, Second Edition, Packt Publishing,2018.

REFERENCE:

1. Pradeep Kothari, Kogent Learning Solutions Inc., *Android Application Development* (With Kitkat Support), Black Bookl, First Edition, Kindle Edition, 2014.

IT1531

AGILE METHODOLOGIES

L	T	Р	С
3	0	0	3

OBJECTIVES:

To enable the students to

- provide students with a theoretical as well as practical understanding of agile software development practices and how small teams can apply them to create high-quality software.
- To provide a good understanding of software design and a set of software technologies and APIs.
- do a detailed examination and demonstration of Agile development and testing techniques.
- understand the benefits and pitfalls of working in an Agile team.
- understand Agile development and testing.

UNIT I AGILE METHODOLOGY

9

Theories for Agile Management - Agile Software Development - Traditional Model vs.

Agile Model - Classification of Agile Methods - Agile Manifesto and Principles - Agile

Project Management - Agile Team Interactions - Ethics in Agile Teams - Agility in

Design, Testing - Agile Documentations - Agile Drivers, Capabilities and Values

UNIT II AGILE PROCESSES

9

Lean Production: SCRUM, Crystal, Feature Driven Development - Adaptive Software Development - Extreme Programming: Method Overview - Lifecycle - Work Products, Roles and Practices.

UNIT III AGILITY AND KNOWLEDGE MANAGEMENT

9

Agile Information Systems - Agile Decision Making - Earl_S Schools of KM - Institutional Knowledge Evolution Cycle - Development, Acquisition, Refinement, Distribution, Deployment, Leveraging - KM in Software Engineering - Managing Software Knowledge - Challenges of Migrating to Agile Methodologies - Agile Knowledge Sharing - Role of Story-Cards - Story-Card Maturity Model (SMM).

UNIT IV AGILITY AND REQUIREMENTS ENGINEERING

9

Impact of Agile Processes in RE-Current Agile Practices - Variance - Overview of RE Using Agile - Managing Unstable Requirements - Requirements Elicitation - Agile

Requirements Abstraction Model - Requirements Management in Agile Environment, Agile Requirements Prioritization - Agile Requirements Modeling and Generation - Concurrency in Agile Requirements Generation.

UNIT V AGILITY AND QUALITY ASSURANCE

9

Agile Product Development - Agile Metrics - Feature Driven Development (FDD) - Financial and Production Metrics in FDD - Agile Approach to Quality Assurance - Test Driven Development - Agile Approach in Global Software Development.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

OUTCOMES

Upon successful completion of course the students will be able to

CO1: Realize the importance of agile software development practices and how teams can apply them to create high-quality software.

CO2: Perform iterative software development processes.

CO3: Understand the importance of knowledge management.

CO4: Perform software process improvement in determining the requirements for a software system.

CO5: Show how agile approaches can be scaled up to the enterprise level.

TEXT BOOKS

- 1. David J. Anderson and Eli Schragenheim, Agile Management for Software Engineering: Applying the Theory of Constraints for Business ResultsII, Prentice Hall, 2003.
- 2. Hazza and Dubinsky, *Agile Software Engineering, Series: Undergraduate Topics in Computer Sciencell*, Springer, 2009.

- Craig Larman, Agile and Iterative Development: A Manager's Guide, Addison-Wesley, 2004.
- 2. Kevin C. Desouza, *Agile Information Systems: Conceptualization, Construction, and Management*, Butterworth-Heinemann, 2007.

IT1532 INTERNET OF THINGS AND ITS APPLICATIONS

L	T	Р	С
3	0	0	3

OBJECTIVES:

To enable the students to

- understand IoT architectures and smart objects for real world application
- learn about various IOT-related protocols
- build simple IoT Systems using Arduino and Raspberry Pi
- understand data analytics and cloud related toloT
- develop IoT infrastructure for real time applications

UNIT I INTRODUCTION TO IOT

9

Evolution of Internet of Things - IoT Enabling Technologies - IoT Levels - IoT Architectures - OneM2M, IoT World Forum (IoTWF)- Simplified IoT Architecture and Core IoT Functional Stack - Fog, Edge and Cloud in IoT - Functional Blocks of an IoT EcosystemSensors, Actuators, Smart Objects and Connecting Smart Objects

UNIT II OT PROTOCOLS

9

IoT Access Technologies: Physical and MAC Layers, Topology and Security of IEEE 802.15.4, 802.15.4g, 802.15.4e,802.11ah and LoRaWAN Network Layer: IP Versions, Constrained Nodes and Constrained Networks - Application Transport Methods: Supervisory Control and Data Acquisition - Application Layer Protocols: CoAP and MQTT

UNIT III DESIGN AND DEVELOPMENT WITH ARDUINO, RASPBERRY PI 9

Design Methodology - Embedded Computing Logic - Microcontroller, System on Chips - IoT System Building Blocks - Arduino - Board Details, IDE Programming - Logical Design using Raspberry PI

UNIT IV DATA ANALYTICS AND SUPPORTING SERVICES

9

Structured Vs Unstructured Data and Data in Motion Vs Data in Rest - Role of Machine Learning - No SQL Databases - Hadoop Ecosystem - Apache Kafka, Apache Spark - Edge Streaming Analytics and Network Analytics -Xively Cloud for IoT, Python Web Application Framework - Django - AWS for IoT

UNIT V CASE STUDIES AND REAL-WORLD APPLICATIONS

9

IoT Cloud Storage Models & Communication APIs - Cloud for IoT - Power Utility Industry - Smart Grid - Smart Agriculture - Smart and Connected Cities: Smart Lighting, Smart Parking, Smart Traffic Control and Commercial Building Automation

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

OUTCOMES

Upon successful completion of course the students will be able to

CO1: Explain IoT architectures and its elements.

CO2: Summarize the various protocols for IoT.

CO3: Build simple IoT system using Raspberry Pi/Arduino.

CO4: Outline the concepts of data analytics and cloud for IoT applications

CO5: Relate the applications of IoT in real time scenario.

TEXT BOOKS

 David Hanes, Gonzalo Salgueiro, Patrick Grossetete, Rob Barton and Jerome Henry, - IoT Fundamentals: Networking Technologies, Protocols and Use Cases for Internet of Things, Cisco Press, 2017

- 1. ArshdeepBahga, Vijay Madisetti, *Internet of Things A hands-on approach*, Universities Press, 2015
- Olivier Hersent, David Boswarthick, Omar Elloumi, The Internet of Things -Key Applications and Protocols, Wiley, 2012 (for Unit 2).
- 3. Jan Ho" ller, VlasiosTsiatsis, Catherine Mulligan, Stamatis, Karnouskos, Stefan Avesand.David Boyle, From Machine-to-Machine to the Internet of Things Introduction to a New Age of Intelligence, Elsevier, 2014.
- 4. Dieter Uckelmann, Mark Harrison, Michahelles, Florian (Eds), *Architecting the Internet of Things*, Springer, 2011.
- 5. Michael Margolis, *Arduino Cookbook, Recipes to Begin, Expand, and Enhance Your Projects*, 2nd Edition, O'Reilly Media, 2011.
- 6. https://www.arduino.cc/ https://www.ibm.com/smarterplanet/us/en/?ca=v_smarterplanet

AD1372 INTRODUCTION TO ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE

L	T	Р	С
3	0	0	3

OBJECTIVES:

To enable the students to

- understand the various characteristics of Intelligent agents
- learn the different search strategies in Artificial Intelligence
- learn to represent knowledge in solving Artificial Intelligence problems
- understand the agent communication and Trust and Reputation
- know about the various applications of Artificial Intelligence.

UNIT I INTRODUCTION

9

Introduction—Definition — Future of Artificial Intelligence — Characteristics of Intelligent Agents—Typical Intelligent Agents — Problem Solving Approach to Typical AI problems.

UNIT II PROBLEM SOLVING METHODS

a

Problem solving Methods – Search Strategies- Uninformed – Informed – Heuristics – Local Search Algorithms and Optimization Problems – Searching with Partial Observations – Constraint Satisfaction Problems – Constraint Propagation – Backtracking Search – Game Playing – Optimal Decisions in Games – Alpha – Beta Pruning – Stochastic Games

UNIT III KNOWLEDGE REPRESENTATION AND REASONING

9

First Order Predicate Logic – Prolog Programming – Unification – Forward Chaining-Backward Chaining – Resolution – Knowledge Representation – Ontological Engineering-Categories and Objects – Events – Mental Events and Mental Objects – Reasoning Systems for Categories –Reasoning with Default Information

UNIT IV SOFTWARE AGENTS

9

Architecture for Intelligent Agents – Agent communication – Negotiation and Bargaining –Argumentation among Agents – Trust and Reputation in Multi-agent systems.

UNIT V APPLICATIONS

9

Al applications – Language Models – Information Retrieval- Information Extraction – Natural Language Processing – Machine Translation – Speech Recognition – Robot –

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

OUTCOMES

Upon successful completion of course the students will be able to

CO1: Explain the various characteristics of Intelligent agents

CO2: Interpret appropriate search algorithms for Artificial Intelligence problem

CO3: Illustrate a Knowledge Representation using first order logic

CO4: Infer different ways of the agent communication and Trust and Reputation in Multi-agent systems

CO5: Summarize the various application of Al

TEXT BOOKS

- 1. S. Russell and P. Norvig, *Artificial Intelligence: A Modern Approach*, Prentice Hall, Third Edition, 2009
- I. Bratko, Prolog: Programming for Artificial Intelligence, Fourth edition, Addison-Wesley Educational Publishers Inc., 2011.

- 1. M. Tim Jones, Artificial Intelligence: A Systems Approach(Computer Science), Jones and Bartlett Publishers, Inc.; First Edition, 2008
- 2. Nils J. Nilsson, *The Quest for Artificial Intelligence*, Cambridge University Press, 2009
- 3. William F. Clocksin and Christopher S. Mellish, *Programming in Prolog: Using the ISO Standard*, Fifth Edition, Springer, 2003
- 4. Gerhard Weiss, *Multi Agent Systems*II, Second Edition, MIT Press, 2013.
- 5. David L. Poole and Alan K. Mackworth, *Artificial Intelligence: Foundations of Computational Agents*, Cambridge University Press, 2010.

CS1535 SOFTWARE TESTING AND QUALITY ASSURANCE

L	T	Р	С
3	0	0	3

OBJECTIVES:

To enable the students to

- Understand the need of testing, its principles and the origin of defects
- Learn the importance and types of black box and white box test case design strategies
- Be exposed with different levels and types of testing
- Understand the basic tenets of software quality factors, SQA architecture and SQA components
- Be exposed to how the SQA components can be integrated into the project life cycle.

UNIT I INTRODUCTION TO TESTING

9

Testing as an Engineering Activity - Testing Maturity Model - Basic Definitions - Software Testing Principles - Origins of Defects - Defect Classes, Defect Repository and Test Design: Case Study Example: Coin Problem - Introducing the Test Specialist: Skills Needed by a Test Specialist, Building a Testing Group - The Structure of Testing Group

UNIT II TEST CASE DESIGN

9

Test Case Design Strategies - Black Box Approach: Boundary Value Analysis, Equivalence Class Partitioning, State Based Testing, Cause-Effect Graph, Domain Testing, Requirements Based Testing - White Box Approach: Static Testing vs Structural Testing, Code Functional Testing, Coverage and Control Flow Graphs, Code Complexity Testing - Test Adequacy Criteria.

UNIT III LEVELS OF TESTING

9

The Need for Levels of Testing - Unit Testing: Unit Test Planning, Designing the Unit Test, The Test Harness, Running the Unit Tests and Recording Results - Integration Testing Designing Integration Test, Integration Test Planning, Scenario Testing, Defect Bash Elimination - System Testing: Performance Testing, Configuration Testing, Compatibility Testing, Usability and Accessibility Testing, Regression Testing, User Documentation Testing - Acceptance Testing: Alpha and Beta Testing.

UNIT IV INTRODUCTION TO SOFTWARE QUALITY & ARCHITECTURE

Need for Software Quality - Quality Challenges - Software Quality Assurance (SQA): Definition and Objectives - Software Quality Factors: McCall's Quality Model - SQA System and Architecture - Software Project Life Cycle Components - Pre Project Quality Components: Development and Quality Plans.

UNIT V SQA COMPONENTS AND PROJECT LIFE CYCLE

Integrating Quality Activities in the Project Life Cycle: Software Development Methodologies - Quality Assurance Activities in the Development Process - Verification and Validation - Reviews - Quality of Software Maintenance - Pre-Maintenance Software Quality Components - Maintenance Software Quality Assurance Tools - CASE Tool: Software Product Quality, Software Maintenance Quality, Project Management.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

9

9

OUTCOMES

Upon successful completion of course the students will be able to

- **CO1:** Explain the importance of software testing, principles, origins and types of defects.
- CO2: Summarize the relationship between white box and black box test case design strategies for valid and invalid input conditions
- CO3: Describe the various levels of testing to be carried out in software development life cycle.
- **CO4:** Explain the importance of software quality factors, SQA architecture and SQA components.
- **CO5:** Describe how the SQA components can be integrated into the project life cycle.

TEXT BOOKS

- 1. Ilene Burnstein, *Practical Software Testing*, Springer International Edition, 2003.
- 2. Daniel Galin, Software Quality Assurance, Pearson Publication, 2009.

REFERENCE BOOKS

1. Srinivasan Desikan and Gopalaswamy Ramesh, Software Testing -

- Principles and Practices, Pearson education, 2006.
- 2. Ron Patton, *Software Testing*, Second Edition, Sams Publishing, Pearson Education, 2007.
- 3. Aditya P. Mathur, Foundations of Software Testing Fundamental Algorithms and Techniques, Dorling Kindersley (India) Pvt. Ltd., Pearson Education, 2008.
- 4. Alan C. Gillies, *Software Quality: Theory and Management*, International Thomson Computer Press, 1997.
- 5. Mordechai Ben-Menachem, Software Quality: Producing Practical Consistent Software, International Thompson Computer Press, 1997.

IT1631

BLOCKCHAIN TECHNOLOGIES

L	T	Р	С
3	0	0	3

OBJECTIVES:

To enable the students to

- understand the needs of cryptographic algorithms in blockchain technologies
- describe the operational and functional aspects of trading and mining
- know about the bitcoin consensus
- explain various algorithms that supports distributed consensus
- realize the usage of Hyper ledger fabric and ethereum in various fields

UNIT I INTRODUCTION TO BLOCKCHAIN

7

Blockchain- Public Ledgers, Blockchain as Public Ledgers -Bitcoin, Blockchain 2.0, Smart Contracts, Block in a Blockchain, Transactions-Distributed Consensus, The Chain and the Longest Chain - Cryptocurrency to Blockchain 2.0 - Permissioned Model of Blockchain, Cryptographic -Hash Function, Properties of a hash function-Hash pointer and Merkle tree.

UNIT II BITCOIN AND CRYPTOCURRENCY

9

A basic crypto currency, Creation of coins, Payments and double spending, FORTH – the precursor for Bitcoin scripting, Bitcoin Scripts, Bitcoin P2P Network, Transaction in Bitcoin Network, Block Mining, Block propagation and block relay, Consensus introduction, Distributed consensus in open environments-Consensus in a Bitcoin network.

UNIT III BITCOIN CONSENSUS

10

Bitcoin Consensus, Proof of Work (PoW)- HashcashPoW, BitcoinPoW, Attacks on PoW, monopoly problem- Proof of Stake- Proof of Burn - Proof of Elapsed Time - Bitcoin Miner, Mining Difficulty, Mining Pool-Permissioned model and use cases, Design issues for Permissioned Blockchains, Execute contracts- Consensus models for permissioned blockchain-Distributed consensus in closed environment-Paxos

UNIT IV DISTRIBUTED CONSENSUS

9

RAFT Consensus-Byzantine general problem, Byzantine fault tolerant system-Agreement Protocol, Lamport-Shostak-Pease BFT Algorithm-BFT over Asynchronous systems, Practical Byzantine Fault Tolerance.

UNIT V HYPER LEDGER FABRIC, ETHERUM AND BLOCKCHAIN APPLICATIONS

10

Hyper Ledger Fabric: Architecture of Hyperledger fabric v1.1-Introduction to hyperledger fabric v1.1, chain code- **Ethereum**:Ethereum network, EVM, Transaction fee, Mist Browser, Ether, Gas, Solidity, Smart contracts, Truffle-Design and issue Crypto currency, Mining, DApps, DAO **Blockchain Applications:** Internet of Things-Medical Record Management System-Blockchain in Government and Blockchain Security-Blockchain Use Cases –Finance.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

OUTCOMES

Upon successful completion of course the students will be able to

CO1: Demonstrate the need of cryptographic algorithms in blockchain technology

CO2: Explain the functional/operational aspects of trading and mining using crypto currencies.

CO3: Explain the Bitcoin census, Proof of work and its design issues

CO4: Paraphrase the algorithms used to provide distributed concensus

CO5: Outline the architectures of Hyperledger fabric, Ethereum and the impact and the challenges in implementing Blockchain in domains like IoT, governance, finance, Health care etc.

TEXT BOOKS

- Imran Bashir, Mastering Blockchain: Distributed Ledger Technology, Decentralization, and Smart Contracts Explained, Second Edition, Packet Publishing, 2018
- 2. A. Narayanan, J. Bonneau, E. Felten, A. Miller, S. Goldfeder, *Bitcoin and Cryptocurrency Technologies: A Comprehensive Introduction*, Princeton University Press, 2016

- 1. ArshdeepBahga and Vijay Madisetti, *Blockchain Applications : A Hands-On Approach*, 2017
- 2. Andreas Antonopoulos, Satoshi Nakamoto, Mastering Bitcoin, O'Reilly

- Publishing, 2014.
- 3. Roger Wattenhofer, *The Science of the Blockchain*, Create Space Independent Publishing Platform, 2016
- 4. Alan C. Gillies, *Software Quality: Theory and Management*, International Thomson Computer Press, 1997.
- 5. Alex Leverington, Ethereum Programming, Packt Publishing Limited, 2017

IT1632

MACHINE LEARNING AND DEEP LEARNING TECHNIQUES

L	T	Р	С
3	0	0	3

OBJECTIVES:

To enable the students to

- To understand the learning methodologies of Machine learning
- To identify appropriate learning algorithms for various types of learning tasks in various domains
- To clustering, classification and reinforcement learning algorithms
- To understand instance based and genetic algorithms in machine learning
- To understand the fundamental concepts of Artificial Neural Networks.
- To experiment Deep Neural Network framework.

UNIT I INTRODUCTION

8

Introduction to Machine Learning, supervised, unsupervised, reinforcement and semi-supervised modeling -Machine Learning pipeline- Linear regression, Logistic regression and Evaluation metrics

UNIT II LEARNING ALGORITHMS

9

Clustering: k-means, Hierarchical and Density Based clustering,
Classification: Naive Bayes, Support Vector Machine,
Decision Tree- -Random Forest- Adaboost and Evaluation Metrics
Reinforcement Learning: Task – Q-Learning – Temporal Difference Learning

UNIT III INSTANCE BASED LEARNING AND GENETIC ALGORITHMS

8

K- Nearest Neighbor Learning -Locally weighted Regression - Radial Bases Functions - Case Based Learning - Genetic Algorithms - Hypothesis Space Search - Models of Evolution and Learning- Parallelizing Genetic Algorithms

UNIT IV ARTIFICIAL NEURAL NETWORKS

8

Biological Neuron, Idea of computational units, McCulloch–Pitts unit, Single and Multi layer Perceptron learning Algorithms, Feedforward Networks, Backpropagation, Convolutional Neural Networks, Recurrent Neural Networks

UNIT V DEEP LEARNING

12

Deep Feed Forward network, regularizations, training deep models, dropouts, Gradient- Descent Strategies, Training Deep Neural Networks using Back Propagation, Training Deep Neural Networks using Convolution, Probabilistic Neural Network: Hopfield Net, Boltzman machine

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

OUTCOMES

Upon successful completion of course the students will be able to

CO1: Demonstrate the need of cryptographic algorithms in blockchain technology

CO2: Explain the functional/operational aspects of trading and mining using crypto currencies.

CO3: Explain the Bitcoin census, Proof of work and its design issues

CO4: Paraphrase the algorithms used to provide distributed concensus

CO5: Outline the architectures of Hyperledger fabric, Ethereum and the impact and the challenges in implementing Blockchain in domains like IoT, governance, finance, Health care etc.

TEXT BOOKS

- 1. Tom M. Mitchell, *Machine Learning*, McGraw Hill Education (India) Private Limited, 2013.
- 2. Ian Goodfellow and Yoshua Bengio and Aaron Courville, *Deep Learning*, MIT Press, 2016.

- EthemAlpaydin, Introduction to Machine Learning (Adaptive Computation and Machine Learning), The MIT Press2004.
- 2. Stephen Marsland, *Machine Learning: An Algorithmic Perspective*,CRC Press, 2009.
- 3. Michael Nielsen, *Neural Networks and Deep Learning*, Determination Press, 2015.
- 4. http://neuralnetworksanddeeplearning.com/

ADVANCED PYTHON PROGRAMMING

L	T	Р	С
2	0	2	3

OBJECTIVES:

IT1633

To enable the students to

- experience the first class functions and flask micro framework
- understand the object oriented programming concepts
- apply the concepts of database with the Python programming
- demonstrate the Numpy and Pandas package to perform advanced computation
- represent the data set pictorially using the Python packages

UNIT I FUNTIONS AND MODULES

6

Comprehension, lambda, First class functions- Map, reduce, filter, Function Decorators and Closures, Iterables, Iterators and Generators, yield, context manager, magical methods, RegEx

UNIT II OBJECT ORIENTED PROGRAMMING CONCEPTS

8

Object Oriented Programming – Classes – Class Attributes – Instances – Instance Attributes – Binding – Method Invocation – Static Methods - Class Methods – Encapsulation – Composition – Subclassing and Derivation - Inheritance – Polymorphism – Built-in Functions – Special Methods.

UNIT III NUMPY 6

Introduction to Numpy - Ndarray Object - Data Types - NumPy Arrays - Array Manipulation - Indexing and slicing - Broadcasting - Binary operators - String functions - Statistical functions - Comparisons, Masks, Sorting Arrays - Structured Data: NumPy's Structured Arrays.

UNIT IV PANDAS 12

Introducing Pandas Objects – Data Frames – Reading data – Cleansing data - Operating on Data in Pandas - Hierarchical Indexing - Combining Datasets: Concat and Append - Combining Datasets: Merge and Join -Aggregation and Grouping - Pivot Tables - Vectorized String Operations - Working with Time Series – High Performance Pandas: eval() and query()

UNIT V DATA VISUALIZATION

8

Simple Line Plots - Simple Scatter Plots - Boxplot- Visualizing Errors - Density and Contour Plots - Histograms - Binnings - Density - Customizing Plot Legends - Customizing Colorbars - Multiple Subplots - Text and Annotation - Customizing Ticks - Customizing Matplotlib: Configurations and Stylesheets - Three-Dimensional Plotting in Matplotlib - Geographic Data with Basemap - Visualization with Seaborn.

TOTAL: 40 PERIODS

LIST OF EXPERIMENTS:

- 1. Given a list of numbers [1,2,3,4,5,6]. Filter the even numbers, map them to a square function and reduce it to 56 using filter(), map(), reduce() in python and not more than six LOCs to print the sum.
- 2. Write a python code to decorate arithmetic operators.
- 3. Write a python code to find the pattern "625706" in a text using RegEx.
- 4. Write a python code to find the average height (feet and inches) of students' in a class by overriding the magic methods of python in a "Height" class.
- 5. Inheritance
- 6. Polymorphism
- 7. Write a python code to add elements in two arrays of same dimension.
- 8. Read a CSV file and fill the missing numeric values with mean and categorical values with mode.
- 9. Write a python code to add elements in two arrays of same dimension.
- 10. Read a CSV file and fill the missing numeric values with mean and categorical values with mode.
- 11. Analyse the given dataset through Data visualisation and identify the insights.

LIST OF EQUIPMENT FOR A BATCH OF 30 STUDENTS:

S. No.	Description of Equipment Quality	Quantity Required
1	Personal Computers (Intel Core i3, HDD 500 GB, 4 GB RAM)	30
2	Printer	1
3	Software: Python	Open Source

PRACTICALS: 20 PERIODS

TOTAL: 60 PERIODS

OUTCOMES (THEORY)

Upon successful completion of course the students will be able to

- **CO1:** Describe the important first class functions and flask micro web framework in Python
- CO2: Outline the basic concepts of Object oriented programming in python
- CO3: Illustrate the usage of database concepts in Python programming
- **CO4:** Interpret the NumPy and SciPy package in Python for advanced computations
- **CO5:** Summarize the data visualization package in Python for the given dataset

OUTCOMES (LAB)

Upon successful completion of course the students will be able to

- **CO1:** Develop a simple application using flask micro web framework in Python
- CO2: Utilize the basic concepts of Object oriented programming in python to the given secanerio
- CO3: Build a solution for the real time problems using database concepts in Python programming
- **CO4:** Choose the appropriate functionalities in the NumPy and SciPy package for advanced computations
- CO5: Visualise the dataset to get insights using Python packages

TEXT BOOKS

- 1. Steven F. Lott, Mastering Object-Oriented Python: Build powerful applications with reusable code using OOP design patterns and Python 3.7, 2nd Edition, ISBN-10: 1789531365
- 2. Jake VanderPlas, 2016, *Python Data Science Handbook: Essential Tools for Working with Data*, 1 sted, O'Reilly Media, Inc

- 1. Jason Cannon, *Python Programming for Beginners* O, Reilly, 2010
- 2. David Beazley, Brain K Jones *Python CookBook*, Third edition, 2013
- 3. Tamara Munzner, Visualization Analysis and Design, CRC Press, 2014.
- 4. Scott Murray, *Interactive Data Visualization for the Web*, O'Reilly Media, First Edition, 2013.

IT1634 SOFTWARE DEFINED NETWORKS

L	T	Р	С
2	0	2	3

OBJECTIVES:

To enable the students to

- Learn the fundamentals of software defined networks.
- Understand the concepts of open flow and SDN controllers
- Understand the use of SDN in Data Center Networks
- Study the fundamentals of SDN Programming.
- Implement topologies in SDN

UNIT I INTRODUCTION TO SDN

6

History of Software Defined Networking (SDN) - Modern Data Center - Traditional Switch Architecture – Why SDN – Evolution of SDN – How SDN Works – Centralized and Distributed Control and Date Planes

UNIT II OPEN FLOW & SDN CONTROLLERS

6

Open Flow Specification - Drawbacks of Open SDN, SDN via APIs, SDN via Hypervisor Based Overlays - SDN via Opening up the Device - SDN Controllers -**General Concepts**

UNIT III DATA CENTERS

6

Multitenant and Virtualized Multitenant Data Center - SDN Solutions for the Data Center Network – VLANs – EVPN – VxLAN – NVGRE

UNIT IV SDN PROGRAMMING

6

Programming SDNs: Northbound Application Programming Interface, Current Languages and Tools, Composition of SDNs – Network Functions Virtualization (NFV) and Software Defined Networks: Concepts, Implementation and Applications

UNIT V SDN FRAMEWORK

6

Juniper SDN Framework – IETF SDN Framework – Open Daylight Controller – Floodlight Controller – Bandwidth Calendaring – Data Center Orchestration

TOTAL: 30 PERIODS

LIST OF EXPERIMENTS:

- 1. Configuration of Mininet and basic Mininet Commands Execution
- 2. Classic Topologies simulation with Mininet
- 3. Custom Topologies creation with Mininet and Python API
- 4. Configuration of ONOS controller with ONOS GUI
- 5. ONOS CLI
- 6. Visualization of Network Topologies using ONOS GUI
- 7. Creating SDN environment with OpenDaylight, Mininet, PuTTY and Xming

LIST OF EQUIPMENT FOR A BATCH OF 30 STUDENTS:

S. No.	Description of Equipment Quality	Quantity Required
1	Personal Computers (Intel Core i3, HDD 500 GB, 4 GB RAM)	30
2	Printer	1
3	Software: b. Python c. Mininet	Open Source

PRACTICALS: 30 PERIODS

TOTAL: 60 PERIODS

OUTCOMES (THEORY)

Upon successful completion of course the students will be able to

CO1: Describe the basic concepts of Software Defined Network

CO2: Outline the specifications of Open flow and SDN controllers

CO3: Explain the use of SDN in the current networking scenario

CO4: Illustrate the basic programming concepts of SDN

CO5: Interpret the various network topology using SDN framework

OUTCOMES (LAB)

Upon successful completion of course the students will be able to

CO1: Utilize the appropriate commands to simulate the software defined network

CO2: Develop a network topology for the given scenario

CO3: Install and use Open Network Operating System (ONOS) controllers

CO4: Visualize the network topology using ONOS GUI

CO5: Create the SDN environment using various SDN frameworks

TEXT BOOKS

- 1. Paul Goransson and Chuck Black, Software Defined Networks: A Comprehensive Approach, First Edition, Morgan Kaufmann, 2014
- 2. Thomas D. Nadeau, Ken Gray, *SDN: Software Defined Networks*, O'Reilly Media, 2013.

- Siamak Azodolmolky, Software Defined Networking with Open Flow, Packet Publishing, 2013.
- 2. Vivek Tiwari, *SDN and Open Flow for Beginners*, Amazon Digital Services, Inc., 2013.
- 3. Fei Hu, Editor, *Network Innovation through Open Flow and SDN: Principles and Design*, CRC Press, 2014.

CS1631 BIGDATA ANALYTICS – TOOLS AND TECHNIQUES

L	Т	Р	С
2	0	2	3

OBJECTIVES:

To enable the students to

- Know the fundamental concepts of Big data analytics and its applications
- Describe various techniques for Big Data Analytics
- Learn and apply different recommendation systems for large volumes of data
- Learn to use various techniques for mining data stream.
- Know about the tools such as HIVE, HBase to process large amount of data

UNIT I INTRODUCTION TO BIG DATA

6

Introduction to Big Data: Evolution of Big data - Best Practices for Big data Analytics - Types of Data - Big data characteristics - Validating - The Promotion of the Value of Big Data - Challenges with Big data - Big Data Use Cases- Applications

UNIT II HADOOP AND MAPREDUCE FRAMEWORK

6

A General Overview of High-Performance Architecture – Introducing Hadoop – RDBMS versus Hadoop - Hadoop Overview – HDFS (Hadoop Distributed File System) – Introduction to Map-Reduce and YARN - Map Reduce Programming Model

UNIT III RECOMMENDATION SYSTEM

6

Recommendation System: Collaborative Recommendation- Content Based Recommendation - Knowledge Based Recommendation- Hybrid Recommendation Approaches.

UNIT IV STREAM MEMORY

6

Introduction to Streams Concepts – Stream Data Model and Architecture - Stream Computing, Sampling Data in a Stream – Filtering Streams – Counting Distinct Elements in a Stream – Estimating moments – Counting oneness in a Window – Decaying Window – Real time Analytics Platform(RTAP) applications - Case Studies - Real Time Sentiment Analysis, Stock Market Predictions.

UNIT V VISUALIZATION

6

Using Graph Analytics for Big Data: Graph Analytics - NoSQL Databases : Schemaless Models: Increasing Flexibility for Data Manipulation-Key Value Stores - Document Stores - Tabular Stores - Object Data Stores - Graph Databases Hive - Sharding — Hbase.

TOTAL: 30 PERIODS

LIST OF EXPERIMENTS:

- 1. Implement content Based Recommender System using Cosine Similarity
- Implement collaborative Based Recommender System using different Similarity measures.
- 3. Implement Bloom Filter for filter on Stream Data in C++/java.
- 4. Implement Flajolet-Martin Algorithm for counting distinct elements in Stream Data.
- 5. Implement Stock Market Prediction
- 6. Implement Spectral Clustering.
- 7. Implement real time sentiment analysis Tweets.
- 8. Perform NoSQL database using mongodb to create, update and insert.

LIST OF EQUIPMENT FOR A BATCH OF 30 STUDENTS:

S. No.	Description of Equipment Quality	Quantity Required
1	Personal Computers (Intel Core i3, HDD 500 GB, 4 GB RAM)	30
2	Printer	1
3	Software: JAVA / Python	Open Source

PRACTICALS: 30 PERIODS

TOTAL: 60 PERIODS

OUTCOMES (THEORY)

Upon successful completion of course the students will be able to

CO1: Summarize the fundamentals of Big Data Analytics

CO2: Demonstrate Hadoop and MapReduce framework to handle Big Data

CO3: Outline the different types of recommendation system for handling real time data

CO4: Elucidate the various algorithms used for mining data streams

CO5: Illustrate NO SQL database and management in data analysis

OUTCOMES (LAB)

Upon successful completion of course the students will be able to

CO1: Build an appropriate recommendation system for real time data

CO2: Experiment with various algorithms for mining data streams

CO3: Apply spectral clustering algorithm for identifying communities in social media

CO4: Implement sentimental analysis for real time twitter data

CO5: Utilize NO SQL database for managing huge volume of data

TEXT BOOKS

- 1. Hurwitz JS, Nugent A, Halper F, Kaufman M, *Big data for dummies*, John Wiley & Sons; 2013.
- 2. Alan Gates & Daniel Dai , *Pig :Data flow Scripting with Hadoop*, O'Reilly Media, 2016.
- 3. Jason Rutherglen, Dean Wampler, Edward Capriolo ,*Programming Hive*, First edition, O'Reilly Media, 2012

- 1. Judith Hurwitz, Alan Nugent, Dr. Fern Halper and Marcia Kaufman, "*Big Data*", Wiley Publications, 2014.
- 2. Mark Van Rijmenam, *Think Bigger: Developing a Successful Big Data Strategy for Your Business*, Amazon, First edition, 2014.
- 3. Hurwitz JS, Nugent A, Halper F, Kaufman M. *Big data for dummies*. John Wiley & Sons; 2013.
- 4. Tom White, *Hadoop: The Definitive Guide*, O'Reilly Publications, 2011. Dayong Du, *Apache Hive Essentials*, Packet Publishing, 2015.
- 5. Hanish Bansal, Saurabh Chauhan, *Apache Hive Cookbook*, Packet publishing, 2016

OIT151

MOBILE APP DEVELOPMENT

L	T	Р	С
3	0	0	3

OBJECTIVES:

To enable the students to

- Understand the architecture and framework of android environment
- Design android applications with appropriate user interface
- Develop android applications using database
- Develop applications using messaging and networking concepts
- Deploy android applications

UNIT I ANDROID FUNDAMENTALS

9

Mobile Application development and trends – Android overview and Versions – Android open stack, features – Setting up Android environment (Eclipse, SDK, AVD)-Simple Android application development – Anatomy of Android applications – Activity and Life cycle – Intents, services and Content Providers

UNIT II ANDROID USER INTERFACE

9

Layouts: Linear, Absolute, Table, Relative, Frame, Scrollview, Resize and reposition - Screen orientation – Views: Textview, EditText, Button, ImageButton, Checkbox, ToggleButton, RadioButton, RadioGroup, ProgressBar, AutocompleteText, Picker, Listviews and Webview – Displaying pictures with views: Gallery and ImageView, ImageSwitcher, Gridview – Displaying Menus: Helper methods, Option and Context

UNIT III DATA PERSISTENCE

9

Shared User preferences – File Handling: File system, System partition, SD card partition, user partition, security, Internal and External Storage – Managing data using SQLite –User defined content providers

UNIT IV MESSAGING, NETWORKING AND SERVICES

9

SMS Messaging: Sending and Receiving – Sending email and networking – Downloading binary and text data files – Access Web services – Developing android services: creating services, performing long running task in a service- performing repeated task in a service

UNIT V LOCATION ACCESS & APPLICATION DEPLOYMENT

9

Location based services: Display map, zoom control, view and change, Marking, Geocoding, Get location - Publish Android applications and Deployment

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

OUTCOMES

Upon successful completion of course the students will be able to

CO1: Understand the architecture and framework of android environment

CO2: Design android applications with appropriate user interface

CO3: Develop android applications using database

CO4: Develop applications using messaging and networking concepts

CO5: Deploy android applications

TEXT BOOKS

 WeiMeng Lee (2012), Beginning Android Application Development, Wrox Publications (John Wiley, New York)

- Ed Burnette (2010), Hello Android: Introducing Google's Mobile Development Platform, The Pragmatic Publishers, 3rd edition, North Carolina USA
- 2. Reto Meier (2012), *Professional Android 4 Application Development*, Wrox Publications (John Wiley, New York).
- 3. ZigurdMednieks, Laird Dornin, Blake Meike G, Masumi Nakamura (2011), Programming Android: Java Programming for the New Generation of Mobile Devices, OReilly Media, USA

OIT152 PRINCIPLES OF DATABASE MANAGEMENT SYSTEMS

L	T	Р	С
3	0	0	3

OBJECTIVES:

To enable the students to

- Make the students to learn the fundamentals of data models and to represent a database system using ER diagrams.
- Study SQL and relational database design.
- Understand the internal storage structures using different file and indexing techniques which will help in physical DB design.
- Understand the fundamental concepts of transaction processing- concurrency control techniques and recovery procedures.
- Learn about file organization and query processing

UNIT I DBMS AND CONCEPTUAL DATA MODELING

9

Purpose of Database System – Data independence - Data Models – Database System Architecture – Conceptual Data modeling: ER models - Enhanced-ER Model. Introduction to relational databases – Relational Model – Keys – ER-to-Relational Mapping. Modeling of a library management system.

UNIT II DATABASE QUERYING

9

Relational Algebra – SQL: fundamentals – DDL – Specifying integrity constraints - DML – Basic retrieval queries in SQL - Complex SQL retrieval queries – nested queries – correlated queries – joins - aggregate functions. Creating a table, populating data, adding integrity constraints, querying tables with simple and complex queries.

UNIT III DATABASE PROGRAMMING

9

Database programming with function calls, stored procedures - views - triggers. Embedded SQL. ODBC connectivity with front end tools. Implementation using ODBC/JDBC and SQL/PSM, implementing functions, views, and triggers in MySQL / Oracle.

UNIT IV DATABASE DESIGN

9

Functional Dependencies – Design guidelines – Normal Forms: first, second, third – Boyce/Codd Normal Form – Normalization algorithms. Design of a banking database

system / university database system.

UNIT V ADVANCED TOPICS

Database security issues – Discretionary access control – role based access – Encryption and public key infrastructures – challenges. Information Retrieval: IR Concepts, Retrieval Models, Queries in IR systems.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

9

OUTCOMES

Upon successful completion of course the students will be able to

CO1: Infer the basic concepts of database system and model ER diagram for forreal time applications

CO2: Use appropriate SQL commands to store and access data from Relational Database.

CO3: Construct normalized database for real world scenario using functional dependencies.

CO4: Illustrate the importance of transaction and concurrency control to maintainconsistency in a database.

CO5: Interpret the mechanism incorporated in file organization and Query Processing.

TEXT BOOKS

- 1. Ramez Elmasri, Shamkant B. Navathe, 2011, *Fundamentals of Database Systems*, 6th ed , Pearson.
- 2. Abraham Silberschatz, Henry F. Korth, S. Sudharshan, 2011, *Database System Concepts*, 6th ed, Tata McGraw Hill.

- 1. C.J.Date, A.Kannan, S.Swamynathan, 2006, *An Introduction to Database Systems*, 8th ed, Pearson Education.
- Raghu Ramakrishnan, 2015, Database Management Systems,4th ed, McGraw-Hill Publications.